Economics 581
Investment Strategies
Duke University Spring 2017
Instructor: Prof. Ed Tower
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Office Social Sciences 228C Social Sciences
Course meets Tuesday and Thursday 4:40pm-5:55pm in room: Social Sciences 124.
Midterm exam Tuesday March 7
Final Exam: Saturday May 6, 2017, 7pm-10pm
Spring break is March 10-20.
Undergrad classes end 19 April. Grad classes end 25 April. I expect we will have student presentations through April 25.

Course Description:

This course is about mutual fund investing. In this course we will examine issues in personal investment strategies. Emphasis is on portfolio selection. We will read and discuss a number of books and articles. Topics include behavioral finance, closed-end mutual funds, open-end mutual funds, data-mining, diversification, dollar cost averaging, efficient market hypothesis, equity premium, exchange-traded funds, Expenses and transaction costs, islamic funds, junk bonds, inflation indexed bonds, life cycle investing, market timing, passive versus active investing, predicting performance, pumping performance, rebalancing, sector funds, stock market anomalies, survivorship bias, tax managed investing, time zone arbitrage, Tobin’s Q, Robert Shiller’s cyclically adjusted price earnings ratio.

You can see the issues that interest me and the tools I use from looking the articles I have written on Mutual Fund Investing on my Vita.
https://fds.duke.edu/db/aas/Economics/faculty/edward.tower/files/CV.pdf

Students will write a paper on a topic or related topics of their choice, extending and revising it as the semester progresses. My hope is that undergraduates will do work which can serve as the basis of an honors thesis. Master’s students may write a master’s thesis in this course. Some students may wish to work with a partner on their project. I find that a good way to write a paper about an issue is to write short commentaries on articles on the issue. Treat these commentaries as individual appendixes. They may explain the articles better than the original author did. Then the best ideas from the appendices can be gathered together into a paper. Some students may wish to work with data and
econometrics. Some may wish to draw conclusions from a survey of their particular issue. **Students are free to work with a partner on the project.**

Prerequisites: Ideally, intermediate micro and macro economics, but introductory economics is the only formal prerequisite.

There will be only a limited amount of lecturing in the course. The books do a better job of presenting the material than I could do. Reading and class discussion is the bulk of how learning occurs. Students will be expected to write short reports on parts of the reading, which will serve as the basis for our class discussion.

**GRADING**

1/6 Class presentation (spread out throughout the semester)

20% paper due Thursday February 2. The paper should consist of commentary on 5 articles and a proposal for a second paper to address an issue in the papers you have surveyed. A good commentary could suggest ways to improve the paper. A good research project could be to update an older paper or apply a new methodology to an old problem, or asking a new question.

1/6 Midterm Exam is Tuesday March 7.

1/6 Article Commentary Due Thursday March 23. This should be a referees report telling an author how he could improve or extend his article. Working papers are good things to comment on, because the author is more likely to be interested in suggestions on how to improve it.

1/6 Paper number 2: the research project, is due Thursday April 13. We will have student presentations of their papers after that.

1/6 Final Exam Saturday May 6, 2017, 7pm-10pm


Bernstein, William. *Skating Where the Puck Was*

Bernstein, William. *The Investors Manifesto*

Bernstein, William. *The Intelligent Asset Allocation*
Bogle, John, *John Bogle on Mutual Funds*.


Chancellor, Devil Take the Hindmost: A History of Financial Speculation, $3.11 used plus shipping

Jeremy Siegel, “Stocks for the Long Run,” 2014 edition, used $17.33 plus shipping. If you know anyone with a prime membership with Amazon you can buy new books with no shipping charge.


Swedroe, Larry E. and RC Balaban, *Investment MIstakes Even Smart Investors Make and How to Avoid Them*.

To Students in the Econ 581 Class. December 17, 2015 from Professor Ed Tower, instructor in the course.

I suggest you buy these three books from Amazon. You will save money over buying them from the Duke Book Store. The Siegel one is the most important and it is cheap for what you get. Malkiel is a fun read. He is a great guy. I am delighted to have money going his way. He gave a great talk, when he visited here. You can give it away as a present to one of your best friends after you finish with it. Devil Take the Hindmost is lots of fun. There are good stories here, which are worth reading. I have a set of lectures that accompanies the Siegel book. We will have class presentations around the other two books. The Duke Bookstore has stocked these books.


Here is the set of review questions for the final exam I gave to my students at Chulalongkorn University in Thailand last summer. The course I taught there is similar to the one I will teach you here, but there was only a limited research component in the Thai course.

Review questions for final exam in Topics in Finance from previous years. The questions will be similar this year.

Some questions mostly from Siegel

1. From 1802 the real return on stocks has exceeded the real return on bonds, which has exceeded the real return on bills, which has exceeded the real return on gold, and the real return on the dollar has been negative. Explain why. (Siegel, page 6 and chapter 5),

2. What are the lessons for policy makers and investors of the great financial crisis of 2008? (Siegel ch 2)

3. Will the age wave drown the stock market? (Siegel Chapter 4).

4. Stocks are riskier than bonds no matter what the holding period. True, false, or uncertain and explain why. (Siegel page 95)

5. It never makes sense to hold both stocks and bonds. True, false or uncertain and explain. (Siegel chapter 6)

6. An unanticipated jump in the price level will hurt stock holders more than bond holders. True, false, or uncertain and explain. (Siegel Chapter 9)

7. High inflation causes real earnings of companies to be taxed more heavily. True, false, or uncertain, and explain. (Siegel chapter 9).

8. What is the Gordon formula? (Siegel, p. 147 and Croatia paper)

9. Derive the Gordon formula, mathematically. (Siegel, p. 147 and Croatia paper)

10. Derive the Gordon formula, intuitively. (Siegel, p. 147 and Croatia paper).

11. The value of a stock is given by the present discounted value of expected earnings. True, false or uncertain and explain. (Siegel chapter 10).

12. Compare the following measures of whether the stock market is overvalued: the price earnings ratio, the CAPE, the CAPER, and Tobin’s Q.
13. Would you bet on small stocks doing better in the future than large stocks will do? Why? (Siegel p.178)
14. Would you bet on stocks with high dividend yield doing better in the future than stocks with low dividend yield? (Siegel, p. 180).
15. How would you decide how much of your portfolio to invest abroad? (Siegel chapter 13).
16. Do you think it would be wise for the world to return to the gold standard? (Siegel Chapter 14 and my son’s article on gold in Alaska)
17. What are exchange traded funds?
18. What are open end mutual funds?
19. What are closed end mutual funds?
20. Which is better, open end or closed end mutual funds? Why?
21. Which is better, electronically traded funds or open end mutual funds? Why?
22. Buying stocks on margin is a good idea. True, false, or uncertain, and explain.
23. How would an investor use stock options who is afraid that the stocks he owns may fall? (Siegel chapter 18)
24. What is a put option? Why might I want to buy a put option?
25. What is a call option? Why might I want to buy a call option?
26. Once folks find a strategy to make money in the stock market and lots of folks take advantage of it, the opportunity will disappear. True, false, or uncertain and explain why. (Siegel ch 20 and 21)
27. Is it a good policy to hold on to you winning stocks and sell your losing stocks? Explain. (Siegel Ch 22)
28. What is fundamental indexation? (Siegel, ch 23)
29. Fundamental indexation is a good strategy. True, false or uncertain and explain why.
30. Index mutual funds are a better deal than actively managed mutual funds. True, False, or uncertain and explain why. (Siegel chapter 23 & 24).

Some questions from E. Tower’s lectures

31. What is time zone arbitrage? Can you still make money from it? (I have just completed some new calculations that I will show you.
32. Should we return to the gold standard? Why or Why not?
33. The real rate of return is equal to the nominal rate of return minus the inflation rate. True, false, or uncertain?
34. Define the following: the continuously compounded geometric average rate of return over a 5 year period, say over 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004, the annualized geometric average rate of return, and the arithmetic average annual rate of return.
35. The arithmetic average rate of return is always higher than the geometric average rate of return. Give a numerical example of this. For extra credit prove it.
36. The corporation income tax is a good tax. True, false, or uncertain and explain.
37. Tax sheltered retirement accounts are a good thing even for the worker who does no saving. True, false, uncertain and explain.
38. What is the life cycle hypothesis of saving?
39. When the interest rate rises folks will save more. True, false, or uncertain and explain why.
40. What is survivorship bias, and how can it mislead investors?
41. It is really smart to invest in the stock of the company you work with, because you are so familiar with that company. True, false, or uncertain, and explain why.
42. Flexible exchange rates are great. True, false, or uncertain and explain why.
43. The risk minimizing mix of stocks and bonds depends on the holding period, and the longer the holding period the more bonds you should hold. True, false, uncertain, and explain why.
44. Can inflation cause depression? What policies do you need in order to be sure that inflation does not cause depression?
45. Should Thailand adopt a capital gains tax?
46. Does it make sense to have a lower tax on capital’s return than on labor’s earnings?
47. If you have wealth in your tax deferred account and in your regular account, you should put stocks into the tax deferred account and bonds into your taxable account. True, false, or uncertain and explain.
48. Why has the ratio of dividends to earnings shrunk in recent years?
49. Distinguish between diversifiable risk and undiversifiable risk. Why is the distinction important?

Some calculation questions with continuous compounding. In these questions assume the interest rate is continuously compounded and the dividend flows are continuous throughout the year—not a lump sum at the end of the year.

50. What is the present value of $500 ten years from now if the interest rate is 10%/year?
51. What is the present value of a flow of dividends of $500/year forever if the interest rate is 10%/year?
52. What is the present value of a flow of dividends of $500/year, starting now and growing at 5% per year forever if the interest rate is 10%/year?
53. What is the present value of a flow of dividends of $500/year starting now and stopping after ten years?
54. What is the present value of a flow of dividends of $500/year starting after 10 years and going on forever, if the interest rate is 10%/year.
55. What is the relationship between your answers to 51, 53, and 54?

Some calculation questions with annualized interest rates.
56. What is the present value of $500 ten years from now if the annualized interest rate is 10%/year?
57. What is the present value of a flow of dividends of $500 each year, starting one year from today and continuing forever if the annualized interest rate is 10%/year?

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