**Syllabus**  
**Duke University**  
**Economics 667.**  
**Computer Modeling for Economic Policy Analysis**  
**Professor Ed Tower**  
**Tuesday Thursday 3:05-4:20pm.**  
**Sociology Psychology Room 127**  
**Spring 2020**  
**Final exam is Monday April 27 9am-noon.**  
**My office hours are in room 228C on Tuesdays and Thursdays by appointment or walk in after 1130am. Other days when you can find me in the office.**  
**Classes begin Jan 9. We will probably meet until April 23 for student presentations.**  
**Teaching assistant: Bangyu He, bangyu.he@duke.edu. He will hold office hours on Monday's 5:15pm-6:30pm in room 228A Social Sciences**

Email:  *Tower@econ.duke.edu*  
Phones: (919) 660-1818, cell (919) 332-2264. Office hours are right after class until 3pm Tuesday and Thursday in Room 228C and by appointment.

Here is the link for the 2014 course website  
http://sites.duke.edu/econ567_01_s2013/  

It contains papers written by students in the course in 2013. Looking at these papers may give you some ideas for your own work in the course.

**Please bring your laptop to class, so you can duplicate during class what I do.**

Your teaching assistant is Weizhao Sun His email is *Weizhao.sun@duke.edu*. He took the class last spring, and he took an independent study from me last summer to further his modelling skills. He is very good at this modeling. He will grade the weekly assignments. He and I will share grading the projects, your comment on the working paper and exams. His office hours are by appointment. If you have a specific question or lecture you want help with, please tell him in advance, so he can assemble others with the same issue at the same time. It is boring for him to explain the same thing over and over again.

**Introduction to the use of computer techniques in economic policy evaluation;**
policy applications to
- international economics,
- public finance,
- development economics,
- economic growth, and
- environmental economics

computer analysis of linearized and nonlinear models using Excel and GAMS. Students required to complete a series of modeling exercises, leading up to two major modeling projects. Prerequisites: intermediate micro and macroeconomics.

This course is a blend of intuition, graphical analysis, and computer modeling. I don’t understand an economic issue until I can explain it intuitively, see it work out in a graph, and build a computer model where I combine all the equations to see how economic forces work out. This is a skill that I teach in this course.

I have taught this course at Duke; The University of Zagreb in Croatia; the University of Auckland in New Zealand, The Economics Institute in Boulder Colorado, Chulalongkorn University in Bangkok, and to government economists in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Here is the structure of the course.

First we discuss the strategy of economic modeling. How does one find an interesting problem, select the appropriate degree of complexity, and select the tools to analyze the problem?

My expertise is primarily in international economics, so I will draw many examples from that area. I will show you how I built a series of models to deal with some simple macro issues and lots of international trade issues. Your task is to do something similar in your area of choice. For example, you might want to start by illustrating important ideas in labor economics, or taxation, or macro, or other issues in international trade and international finance that I have not explored.

We see:

- How does the effect of money supply changes depend on whether wages are sticky or flexible?

- How does the international sector work under fixed and flexible exchange rates? Do tariff cuts cause unemployment? Does immigration lower wages? Does international trade shrink real US wages?

- How does tax policy affect economic growth?

We demonstrate some important theorems such as, why an income tax is better than a consumption tax that covers only some goods, some theorems in international trade regarding income distribution, economic growth and the pattern of trade.
We examine some examples of computer modeling from the United Nations, the U.S. International Trade Commission, and leading scholars. All of these use computer modeling to calculate the costs and benefits of alternative policies.

Students will complete weekly assignments. Sometimes these will be essays. More frequently, they will be modeling exercises, starting with toy models. These are very simple models designed to illustrate principles of economics and model building. Then we gradually add complexity to get a richer picture of the economy.

Students will use Microsoft Excel to build models and calculate the effects of economic policies, such as changing exchange rates, money supplies and tariffs as well as allowing immigration and emigration and economic growth. Students will also use the General Algebraic Modeling System, GAMS to determine the effects of large changes in economic policy and to solve for optimal systems of taxation. Microsoft Excel uses matrix algebra to solve for the effects of small changes in circumstances on the economy. It is easy to understand. GAMS solves for optimum policies subject to a set of non-linear equations. It is generally the tool of choice for economic modelers.

Modeling by yourself is lonely. Working with someone else means that you can both share in the joy of figuring things out and reduce the frustration by having another eye look at the problems that pop up.

Each week you will build a model. You will give a presentation with your teammate on one capstone project half way through the term and another capstone project at the end of the term. These projects will be on issues of interest to you and your partner.

Tevy Chawwa in 2013 created a course web site. You can access it at this address: http://sites.duke.edu/econ567_01_s2013/

There, you can find examples of computer modeling projects done by students in previous years. This is a mini-text on examples of computer modeling. These models should give you some ideas about models you can build. Some of these would be fun for you to extend. These models were produced under time pressure, so some many need to be corrected or polished.

Grading will be based on

**Homework weekly (generally done with a partner).** 20%

**Model using Microsoft Excel, (generally done with a partner). Due March 1** 10%

**Model using GAMS, (generally done with a partner) Draft due April 7** 30%

I suggest for these two projects that you take a recent article or a classic paper that interests you and demonstrate its validity or extend it by building a computable general equilibrium model to illustrate. One issue that interests me, for example, is tariff warfare. Harry Johnson wrote the classic article on it. But one could ask the same question he did
using different assumptions: i.e. perhaps there is unemployment caused by some sort of wage inflexibility, or perhaps there is a distortion that the government wants to correct with a tariff, or perhaps the government wants to use a specific tariff rather than an advalorem tariff. Another old paper that might interest you is Paul Samuelson's article on the transfer problem: what happens when one country gives another country foreign aid or demands war reparations from it?

When I write a recommendation for you, I want to be able to say what is your work and what is your partner’s work. So on these papers, I would like you to set up the model together, and then each of you can carry the responsibility for a simulation and intuitively explaining that simulation.

**Working Paper**: Please submit to the teaching assistant and me your evaluation of a working paper and the response from the author (if he or she does respond). 10pm. You should send your comment to the author on or before March 31. **10%**

**Final exam.** I will circulate sample questions in advance. **30%**

Here is some information on the working paper.

Here is the working paper assignment. Please go to the Social Sciences Research Network’s working paper series, and then to computable general equilibrium models. The link is below. C68 in the link is the list of recently published working papers on computable general equilibrium models. Find a working paper you find interesting. Email your suggestions to the author(s) on how to make it better prior to publication in an academic journal. Your email will be your final exam.

I like this assignment, because it is a way for you to make friends in the profession. Suppose for example you want to do a PhD at Australian National University. You could email Rodney Tyers, who is a professor there, your suggestions for improving his paper. Professors are flattered when you notice their work. In fact, Rod did write back to thank one of my students who wrote his last year. You can make any suggestions you want: making the logic clearer, coming up with a better graph, improving grammar, improving the formatting, suggesting a better summary, suggesting different headings. As you make suggestions for how others should write you will improve your own writing. The nice thing about commenting on working papers is that these papers will be revised before publication, so your comments are useful to the author. And who knows, he or she may even thank you in the first footnote of the revised paper.

Another reason I like this assignment is if it comes time for me to write a letter of recommendation for you, I can refer to the correspondence you had with the author. This helps me identify you as someone special.

Please do share any response you get from the author(s) with Weizhao and me.

You don’t have to pick a paper from this collection. Feel free to select a different paper to comment on if you wish. The Journal of Policy Modeling may have some good stuff. Stuff that is already published is more polished. And there are some losers on the working paper web site.
But that is good. If the paper is a loser it gives you stuff to comment on. Of course if it is terrible, it is not worth looking at.

Weizhao and I will share the grading on this. We will both look carefully at every paper.

The questions on the final exam will be very similar to the review questions I hand out in advance.


Major textbook

John Gilbert and I wrote a textbook on CGE modeling which was published in January 2014.

Here is the publisher’s link:
http://www.worldscientific.com/worldscibooks/10.1142/8414

Here is the link on Amazon:

Here is its description.

**Introduction to Numerical Simulation for Trade Theory and Policy**

By (author): **John Gilbert** (*Utah State University, USA*), By (author): **Edward Tower** (*Duke University, USA*)
This volume provides a practical guide to building and using simulation models for international trade theory and policy. Through a sequence of carefully constructed and fully documented programs, the volume illustrates how numerical simulation can be used to analyze a wide array of problems. Modern computable general equilibrium (CGE) models for trade policy are challenging in their complexity, but can be thought of as constructions of much simpler building blocks. By developing the building blocks in a consistent manner, and gradually putting them together in more complex and interesting ways, the volume makes CGE accessible to anyone with a background in microeconomics/trade theory. The volume will be useful to graduate students and researchers in international trade looking
for a detailed guide to building simulation models and to developing the skill set necessary
to enter into the world of CGE modeling.

Contents of the book:

- Introduction
- Getting Started With GAMS

- Theory of Consumption, Production and Trade:
  - Utility Maximization
  - Cost Minimization
  - Long-Run Production
  - Short-Run Production
  - Dual Approach
  - Transition
  - Higher Dimensions
  - Intermediate Inputs
  - Autarky
  - Small Country Trading Equilibrium
  - Non-traded Goods
  - Large Country Trading Equilibrium
  - Two Country Trading Equilibrium
  - Higher Dimensions and Trade
  - Reciprocal Dumping
  - Monopolistic Competition

- Commercial Policy and Distortions:
  - Tariffs and Other Trade Interventions
  - Domestic Taxes and Subsidies
  - Factor Market Distortions

- Computable General Equilibrium:
  - Multiple Households and Other Sources of Demand
  - Armington Preferences
  - Joint Production
  - Social Accounting Matrices
  - Closure
  - Single Country Competitive CGE
  - Concluding Comments

Readership: Graduate students and researchers in international trade theory and policy.

I have not ordered textbooks for this course, other than the book above and Economical Writing by Diedre McCloskey. That is because you do much better to order books from Amazon. Both books are also on reserve in Perkins. There is a copy of this book in the economics department office. The bookstore ordered 5 copies. And I have put one on reserve in Perkins library.
To help you get practice working with the models in the book, extending them, and doing the problems in the book, John Gilbert has assembled the problems at the webpage with the following link:

http://econpapers.repec.org/software/uthgt2013/

This is the RePEc archive for all the GAMS codes from the book.

Optional texts:

*Economical Writing*, Diedre McCloskey. Waveland Press, 2000, $4.29+$3.99 from Amazon second hand. I start with this book, because I expect you to write well in this course. This book is a breezy and clever introduction to how to write well in economics.


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Older editions are available from Amazon for as little as $1.21 plus 3.99$ shipping. The older editions will work quite well. I mainly use the mathematical appendices and those do not change much from edition to edition. These new editions are mainly a rip off. The major ideas in international economics do not change much from year to year. To the used prices add $3.99 for shipping. I use this book in part because Kent Kimbrough uses it in his international monetary economics course, and I do not want you to buy too many books.


R. T. Roberts, *The Choice: A Fable of Free Trade and Protectionism*, Paperback 2006. Older editions are $7.50 used from Amazon including shipping. No significant difference between the old and the new. I have copies you can borrow.

W. M. Corden, *Trade Policy and Economic Welfare*, second edition, Oxford University Press, 1997. $3.92 including shipping used from Amazon. I have copies you can borrow.

Structure of the course. Here is a sample of some issues we will discuss in the course.

- The logic of computable general equilibrium modeling. (Tower and Loo paper)
- The simple macroeconomic model: the hat calculus, matrix algebra, endogenous versus exogenous variables. (three classes)
- Macroeconomic modeling. Macroeconomic policy with flexible wages, sticky nominal wages and sticky real wages (two classes)
- Simple growth models: Tobin and Solow. Long run equilibrium analysis. (one class)
- Macroeconomic modeling in an open economy. Adjustment under fixed and flexible exchange rates. Flexible wages, sticky nominal wages, sticky real wages, all with no capital mobility. (one class).
- Macroeconomic modeling in an open economy. Adjustment under fixed and flexible exchange rates with varying degrees of capital mobility. (one class).
- The effects of import tariffs under fixed and flexible exchange rates, with sticky and flexible prices (one class).
- Inflation, the welfare cost of inflationary finance and steady state equilibrium. (one class)
- The small country endowment model: Tariffs and the Lerner Symmetry Theorem under fixed and flexible exchange rates (one class).
- On the symmetry between an import tariff and a production subsidy combined with a consumption tax (one class).
- The terms of trade effect in an endowment model (tariffs for a large country) (one class).
- The magical spreadsheet of John Gilbert for the 2 factor model.
- The Rybczenski effect (one class)
- The Stolper-Samuelson Theorem (two classes)
- The Specific Factors Problem, tariffs, migration and capital flows (two classes).
- John Gilbert's magical spreadsheet for the specific factors model. (one class)
- The transfer problem, with a flexible real wage, an inflexible real wage (one class)
- Immizerizing growth (one class)
- Input output analysis and the economic effects of disarmament (one class)
- Shadow Prices: Tower and Han on Sudan (one class)
- A series of international trade problems (Tower's University of Auckland Series of problems) (several classes)